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v.

IN THE UNITED	STATES	DISTRICT	COURT

FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

LUCY RODRIGUEZ, individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

No. C 12-06482 WHA

ORDER RE MINIMAL

DIVERSITY UNDER CAFA

Plaintiff,

INSTAGRAM, LLC,

Defendant.

In this putative class action, defendant Instagram, LLC's motion to dismiss contends in a footnote that plaintiff has not adequately pled jurisdiction under the Class Action Fairness Act, 28 U.S.C. 1332(d) (Mot. at 15 n.7). As this issue was not adequately addressed in the parties' briefs, both parties were requested to submit supplemental briefs. Having reviewed those submissions, the Court is not satisfied that it has subject-matter jurisdiction.

The party asserting federal subject-matter jurisdiction has the burden of showing the case meets the jurisdictional requirements and therefore belongs in federal court. Lewis v. Verizon Commun., Inc., 627 F.3d 395, 399 (9th Cir. 2010). Under CAFA, only minimal diversity is required; that is, at least one member of the plaintiff class and one defendant must be diverse. 28 U.S.C. 1332(d)(2). For purposes of diversity, Instagram is a citizen of both Delaware and California. Therefore, plaintiff must demonstrate that at least one member of the putative class was a citizen of a state other than California or Delaware as of the time of the filing of the complaint. See 28 U.S.C. 1332(d)(7); Johnson v. Advance Am., 549 F.3d 932, 936 (4th Cir.

For the Northern District of California

2008). Plaintiff's theory that at least one member of the proposed class, defined as "all residents
of the State of California, who created an Instagram account prior to December 18, 2012, and
posted at least one picture to Instagram prior to December 18, 2012," meets this requirement is
fact-dependent. Plaintiff has not yet met her burden of demonstrating at least minimal diversity
under CAFA. Possibly a resident of California could be a member of the proposed class and yet
be domiciled in a different state (and thus be a citizen of that different state), but plaintiff has not
yet shown this.

Accordingly, plaintiff will have until JUNE 6, 2013, to submit actual, admissible proof on this issue. All other issues raised in defendant's motion to dismiss under Rules 12(b)(1) and 12(b)(6) will be held in abeyance.

Dated: May 16, 2013.

WILLIAM ALSUP UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE